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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	10/011,023	11/02/2001	Laurent Scallie	AC-002-US	7571
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	ROSENFELD LAW CORPORATION 2165 FILBERT STREET			JONES, SCOTT E	
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SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94123			3713		

DATE MAILED: 07/27/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/011,023	SCALLIE, LAURENT			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Scott E. Jones	3713			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by so Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a n. a reply within the statutory minimum of thi eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rly (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	15 <u>December 2004 and 1</u> 7 Ma	arch 2005.			
·= · ·	•				
3) Since this application is in condition for all	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merit				
closed in accordance with the practice und	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16-25</u> is/are pending in the applic	 ✓ Claim(s) 16-25 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16-25</u> is/are rejected.	Claim(s) <u>16-25</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 November 2001</u>		☑ objected to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	reign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docur					
2. Certified copies of the priority docur					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	•	received in this National Stage			
application from the International Bu		t manais and			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	a list of the certified copies no	t received.			

Attachment(s)	
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This office action is in response to the responses filed on December 15, 2004 and March 17, 2005, respectively, in which applicant responds to the claim rejections. Claims 16-25 are pending.

Drawings

2. In order to avoid abandonment, the drawing informalities noted in the paper mailed on August 23, 2003, Paper No. 5, must now be corrected. Correction can only be effected in the manner set forth in the above noted paper.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 16 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wain (U.S. 4,335,809).

Wain discloses a system and method for both gaming and non-gaming amusement machines (satellite computers) linked via a communications network to a main control device (mission control), wherein the gaming and non-gaming amusement machines can be controlled independently or collectively to play one of a plurality of games by the main control device (mission control). Wain additionally discloses:

Regarding Claim 16:

Application/Control Number: 10/011,023

Art Unit: 3713

providing a mission control computer (30) which operates administrative programs
 for performing administrative functions for multiple game playing satellite computers
 on a network (Figure 1);

Page 3

- providing a plurality of game playing satellite computers (22) connected to the
 network, each of which maintains a plurality of game programs and game specific
 command sets for controlling the play of respective ones of said plurality of game
 programs (Figure 1 and Column 6, lines 33-37);
- storing in each game specific command set of a satellite computer at least a game specific start signal for starting a respective game program on the satellite computer (Figure 1, Column 3, lines 17-29, and Claim 1);
- issuing a generic game start signal from the mission control computer to a satellite computer which is indexed to the game specific start signal of the game specific command set for a respective game program on the satellite computer in order to cause the game specific command set to be issued by the satellite computer for starting the game program (Column 3, line 17-29 and Claim 1);
- enabling the game program once started to be played on the satellite computer by local game specific command inputs of a game player to the satellite computer,
 (Abstract, Column 2, line 57-Column 4, line 3, Column 7, lines 13-23 and 37-45)
- whereby generic command signals can be issued by the mission control computer to control the administration of game programs played on any of the satellite computers, while enabling local game specific command inputs to be used by a game player to

Application/Control Number: 10/011,023

Art Unit: 3713

control playing of a game program on the satellite computer (Abstract, Column 2, line 57-Column 4, line 3, Column 7, lines 13-23 and 37-45).

Page 4

Regarding Claim 21:

 a plurality of mission control computers are maintained at respective mission control sites and are connected via a network to a network server that provides an online interface to the mission control computers for remote access by players (Figure 1, Column 3, lines 17-29, and Claim 1).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 18, 19, 22, 24, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wain (U.S. 4,335,809) in view of Ehrman (U.S. 5,984,786).

Wain discloses discloses that as discussed above regarding claims 16 and 21.

Wain additionally discloses:

Regarding Claim 25:

• issuing a generic game stop signal from the mission control computer to the satellite computer which is indexed to the game specific stop signal of the game specific command set for a respective game program on the satellite computer in order to cause the game specific command set to be issued by the satellite computer for stopping the game program (Column 3, line 17-29 and Claim 1)

Although Wain discloses game program information is stored in memory, Wain seems to lack explicitly disclosing:

Regarding Claim 18:

providing each satellite computer with a local control program and a database of
game-specific command sets for each of the game programs offered on the
satellite computer, such that when a generic game start signal is issued by the
mission control computer to the satellite computer, the local program of the
satellite computer loads the corresponding game specific command set from its
database to operate the game program.

Regarding Claim 19:

wherein each game specific command set contains game specific control codes
derived by analyzing each game program and determining the configuration for at
least the game specific start signal for the given game program.

Regarding Claim 22:

• wherein said online interface of said network server allows players to perform one or more activities of the group consisting of: looking up statistics for game programs they have played; seeing the status of game programs being played by other players; seeing statistics for comparison to game programs played at other mission control sites; downloading statistics for their own later use; maintaining their accounts; joining or maintaining their status with a group of players; and communicating with other players.

Regarding Claim 24:

the game specific control codes for the game specific command set for a game
program are configured based upon one of the groups of game command
architecture types consisting of: keystrokes; http commands; TCP/IP commands;
writing files; control API's; and serial communications protocols.

Ehrman teaches of a run-time environment for multi-player, networked games which can be used to run many different types of games. The game model includes a database which stores the objects and their properties as well as the rules of the specific game, where the rules are to be executed on the objects and their properties. Ehrman and Wain are analogous art because both relate to gaming machines connected to a host computer via a network. Furthermore, Ehrman teaches:

Regarding Claim 18:

• providing each satellite computer with a local control program and a database of game-specific command sets for each of the game programs offered on the satellite computer, such that when a generic game start signal is issued by the mission control computer to the satellite computer, the local program of the satellite computer loads the corresponding game specific command set from its database to operate the game program (Abstract, Figures 1, 3A, 3B, and Column 1, line 56-Column 2, line 54).

Regarding Claim 19:

wherein each game specific command set contains game specific control codes
 derived by analyzing each game program and determining the configuration for at

least the game specific start signal for the given game program (Abstract, Figures 1, 3A, 3B, and Column 1, line 56-Column 2, line 54).

Regarding Claim 22:

• wherein said online interface of said network server allows players to perform one or more activities of the group consisting of: looking up statistics for game programs they have played; seeing the status of game programs being played by other players; seeing statistics for comparison to game programs played at other mission control sites; downloading statistics for their own later use; maintaining their accounts; joining or maintaining their status with a group of players; and communicating with other players (Column 7, line 64-Column 8, line 34).

Regarding Claim 24:

the game specific control codes for the game specific command set for a game program are configured based upon one of the groups of game command architecture types consisting of: keystrokes; http commands; TCP/IP commands; writing files; control API's; and serial communications protocols (Abstract, Figures 1, 3A, 3B, Column 1, line 56-Column 2, line 54, and Column 31, line 9-Column 32, line 48).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the applicant's invention, to incorporate the database features of Ehrman in Wain. One would be motivated to do so because this allows for a master set of rules and graphics, etc. to be stored in a database residing on a host computer and automatically updating player's gaming machines when a particular game is selected to be played via a network connection.

7. Claims 17 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wain (U.S. 4,335,809) in view of Acres (U.S. 6,431,983).

Wain discloses discloses that as discussed above regarding claims 16 and 21. Wain seems to lack explicitly disclosing:

Regarding Claim 17:

• generating with the playing of each game program on a satellite computer one or more of the following sources of information tracking the operation of the game program and parsing the source of information for desired status information and providing it to the mission control computer: game log files; dialog boxes or windows opened by the game program; messages from the Notification API; and a method used by the game program for external communications.

Regarding Claim 23:

each satellite computer generates a log file for tracking the operation of a game
program, and parses the log file for predetermined keywords indicative of desired
status information and provides the status information to the mission control
computer.

Acres teaches of a method and system for providing an incentive to play gaming devices connected by a network to a host computer. The system additionally tracks player activity via a smart card inserted by the player into the gaming machines. Acres and Wain are analogous art because each relates to gaming machines connected to a host computer via a network. Acres teaches:

Regarding Claim 17:

egenerating with the playing of each game program on a satellite computer one or more of the following sources of information tracking the operation of the game program and parsing the source of information for desired status information and providing it to the mission control computer: game log files; dialog boxes or windows opened by the game program; messages from the Notification API; and a method used by the game program for external communications (Column 31, line 9-Column 32, line 48).

Regarding Claim 23:

each satellite computer generates a log file for tracking the operation of a game program, and parses the log file for predetermined keywords indicative of desired
 'status information and provides the status information to the mission control computer (Column 31, line 9-Column 32, line 48).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the applicant's invention, to incorporate the log file tracking features of Acres in Wain. One would be motivated to do so because this would enhance Wain's system to operate administrative programs, such as scheduling the transfer of new game or programming information, in an efficient manner.

8. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wain (U.S. 4,335,809) in view of Acres (U.S. 6,431,983) and further in view of Ehrman (U.S. 5,984,786).

Wain in view of Acres teaches that as discussed above regarding claims 17 and 23. Wain in view of Acres seems to lack explicitly teaching:

Regarding Claim 20:

• wherein said mission control program maintains a database of game data based upon information provided by the satellite game playing computers, and generates one or more administrative reports from the group consisting of: system-wide gaming reports; membership and player statistics; detailed statistics on specific games played by specific players; current status of the system, hardware, and software troubleshooting.

Ehrman teaches of a run-time environment for multi-player, networked games which can be used to run many different types of games. The game model includes a database which stores the objects and their properties as well as the rules of the specific game, where the rules are to be executed on the objects and their properties. Ehrman, Acres, and Wain are analogous art because each relate to gaming machines connected to a host computer via a network. Furthermore, Ehrman teaches:

Regarding Claim 20:

wherein said mission control program maintains a database of game data based upon information provided by the satellite game playing computers, and generates one or more administrative reports from the group consisting of: system-wide gaming reports; membership and player statistics; detailed statistics on specific games played by specific players; current status of the system, hardware, and software troubleshooting. (Column 7, line 64-Column 8, line 10, and Column 8, lines 22-34).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the applicant's invention, to incorporate the database features of Ehrman in Wain in view of Acres.

One would be motivated to do so because this allows for a master set of rules and graphics, etc.

to be stored in a database residing on a host computer and automatically updating player's gaming machines when a particular game is selected to be played via a network connection.

Response to Arguments

- 9. Applicant's arguments filed December 15, 2004 and March 17, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 10. Applicant's arguments, see page 5 and the resubmitted declaration, filed December 15, 2004, with respect to the objection to the declaration have been fully considered and are persuasive. The objection of the declaration has been withdrawn.
- Regarding Wain, Applicant alleges "the control" taught by Wain must [be] viewed in the context of transmitting and writing different software into the RAM 18 of each entertainment machine 1." Applicant additionally alleges, "Nowhere does Wain teach that main control device 30 control the actual "play" of the games in real-time (i.e. controlling the start and stop of game play). The examiner respectfully disagrees. Applicant admits "the control" taught by Wain must [be] viewed in the context of transmitting and writing different software into the RAM 18 of each entertainment machine 1." The examiner asserts Wain's main control device 30 controls the actual play of the game by virtue of the game program being "fed" to the entertainment machine(s) 1. This game programming information must be resident on RAM 18 in order for the game to execute (start/stop). The examiner broadly interprets the "generic game start" limitation to be read on by this feature in Wain.

Applicant alleges Wain fails to provide any teachings to the "command sets" that must be resident in the entertainment machines. The examiner asserts the "command sets" must be resident on the entertainment machine(s) in order to play the game, otherwise, the game could

not operate on entertainment machine(s) 1. Applicant further alleges "Wain does not distinguish between generic and game specific command sets." The examiner respectfully disagrees. In addition to the discussion above, Wain further distinguishes between generic and game specific command sets at least by an actuation of the entertainment machine by insertion of one or more coins or tokens into a coin mechanism of the machine (generic start) and initiating performance by activating the entertainment device (e.g. slot machine handle) to play a game (specific start).

For at least the reasons discussed hereinabove, the examiner maintains the previous rejection.

Conclusion

12. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Scott E. Jones whose telephone number is (571) 272-4438. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 8:30 A.M. - 5:00 P.M..

Application/Control Number: 10/011,023

Art Unit: 3713

Page 13

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Xuan Thai can be reached on (571) 272-7147. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Scott E. Jones Primary Examiner Art Unit 3713

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